THE FUNDAMENTAL UNIT OF LIFE: CELL

Class-IX

Subject – Science

Module 1/3

Cell – The basic structural and functional unit of life is called cell.

A cell is the smallest unit that is capable of performing life functions.

All living organisms are composed of cells. Cell is a Latin word for 'a little room'

Cell make up tissues, Similar tissues make up organs, different organs group together to make up organ system and organ systems form an organism.

Cells were first discovered by **Robert Hooke** in 1665 while observing slices of cork under primitive microscope

Scientist	Discovery	Year	and the same of th
Robert Hooke	Dead cell	1665	
Leeuwenhoek	Living cell	1674	8 6
Robert Brown	Nucleus	1831	
Purkinje	Protoplasm	1839	



Cell Theory

All living things are made up of cells. Cells are the smallest working units of all Schleiden and Schwann (1838-39) living things.

All cells come from preexisting cells through cell division. *Virchow (1855)*

Cell Structure:

All cells vary in their shape, size and activities and have the functional regions.

The Shape and Size of Cells are related to the specific function they perform

Cells of human body have different shape, size based on their functions.

For example: Blood cells are round or oval in shape contribute to the delivery of different types of material to different parts of body

Multicellular organisms are the organisms which are composed of more than one cell.

Ex – Fungi, Plants, Animals, Human beings.

Unicellular organisms are composed of only one cell Ex – Amoeba, Paramoecium and bacteria.

Division of labour is a term which means dividing the work among the cell organelle (within a cell) or among different cells or types of cells (in a organism or individual)



